

WHY "CHRIST" AND NOT "MESSIAH" ?

Similar to the foregoing components of **Sun-worship** which had been adopted into the church, we have similar proof of the adoption of a pagan word or name, although less convincing of its absolute solar origin. However, we can clearly see that, with the Greeks using both the Greek words **Messiah** (a transliteration) and **Christos** (a translation) for the Hebrew **Mashiach** (Anointed), the word **Christos** was far more acceptable to the pagans who were worshiping **Chreston**, **Chrestos**, and perhaps also those worshiping **Krista**. But we will come to that later.

The Hebrew word Mashiach has been translated in the Old Testament of the King James Version as "Anointed" in most places, but as "Messiah" in two places, namely **Daniel 9:25** and **26**.

This word is a title, although it was used as an appellative (name) later on. Thus, this word was faithfully translated as "Anointed" in the Old Testament and only in **Daniel 9:25** and **26** was its Hebrew character retained in the transliterated "Messiah". Likewise, we find that the Greeks also admitted their transliterated form Messiah in the Greek New Testament in **John 1:41** and **John 4:25**.

Why then did they introduce or use the word **Christos** in the rest of the Greek New Testament?

Even if they had preferred **Christos** to Messiah, why did our translators transliterate the word as "**Christ**"?

Why did they not transliterate the word, as was done in **Daniel 9:25** and **26**, as "Messiah", seeing that the Greeks had also accepted their Greek transliteration of the word, namely Messiah in **John 1:41** and **John 4:25**?

Ferrar Fenton's translation, The Complete Bible in Modern English, used "Messiah" instead of "**Christ**" in most places where the word is used alone, except when used as the combination "**Jesus Christ**".

Similarly, the New English Bible has used "Messiah" in its New Testament in many places. The Good News Bible has restored the word "Messiah" in no less than **70** places in its New Testament.

The New International Version gives the alternative "**Messiah**" in almost all places, by means of a footnote. Dr. Bullinger in The Companion Bible, appendix

98 IX, says, "Hence, the Noun (Christos) is used of and for the Messiah, and in the Gospels should always be translated 'Messiah'". also, Benjamin Wilson in his Emphatic Diaglott has restored the words "Anointed" and "Messiah" in many places.

Yahusha Himself said in **John 4:22**, "For salvation is from the Jews," Not only was our Messiah born from a Hebrew virgin, but also all of His Saving Message, the teachings, "the root and fatness" (**Romans 11:17**), the Glad Tidings, "spiritual things" (**Romans 15:27**), "the citizenship of Israel" (**Ephesians 2:12**, Rotherham), "covenants of promise" (**Ephesians 2:12**), The spiritual blessings" (**Romans 15:27**) - are all from the Jews (**JUDAISM**)!

The Good News Bible, in its rendering of **Romans 9:4-5** added the word "True" to the word "Worship" to make it clearer. Speaking of literal Israel, it read, "They are The Mighty One's (YHWH) people; He made His covenants with them and gave them the Law; they have the True Worship; they have received The Mighty One's promises; they are descended from the famous Hebrew ancestors; and Messiah, as a human Being, belongs to their race."

These New Testament texts irrefutable prove the Jewishness of our Messiah. That well-known scholar of the Old Testament, as well as New Testament, Prof. Julius Wellhausen, who in all his works expressed his hatred towards Pharisaical Judaism, nevertheless wrote the following bold words, "Jesus ... was a Jew. he proclaimed no new faith, but He taught that the Will of God (YHWH) must be done.

The Will of God (YHWH) stands for Him, as for the Jews, in eh Law, and in the other holy Scriptures that are classed with it." **Yahusha** could not have been known as Christos amongst His people. His title was known as Mashiach in Hebrew, and Mesiha in Aramaic - to those who accepted Him as such, **Matthew 16:16, John 6:69**

This title is easily transliterated as "**Messiah**", and is generally accepted, and has been accepted, just like the Greek Messiahs. Why then have they not persisted with it? Even if they wanted to translate it, why have they not translated it as "Anointed", as was done in the English translation of the King James Version's Old Testament?

Our research into this matter has produced some revealing similarities between Christos and certain pagan names and titles. F.D. Gearly, writing in The Interpreter's Dictionary of the Bible, vol. 1, pp. 571-572, says, "the word Christos was easily confused with the common Greek proper name Chrestos, meaning

'good'." He also quotes a French theological dictionary which says, "It is absolutely beyond doubt that *Christus* and *Chrestus*, *Christiani* and *Chrestiani*, were used indifferently by the profane and **Christian** authors of the first two centuries of our era."

He continues, "in Greek, 'e' and 'i' were similarly pronounced and often confused, the original spelling of the word should be determined only if we could fix its provenance (origin). ... The problem is further complicated by the fact that the word *Christianos* is a Latinism ... and was contributed neither by Jews nor by the **Christians** themselves."

He quotes various scholars to support his proposition that the word **Christianos** was introduced from one of three origins: (a) The Roman police (b) The Roman populace (c) Unspecified pagan provenance (origin)." he then proceeds, "The three occurrences of **Christian** in the NT suggest that the term was at this time primarily used as a pagan designation. Its infrequent use in the NT indicates not so much lateness of origin as pagan provenance (origin)."

This almost sensational admission as to the confusion and uncertainty between *Christos* and *Chrestos*, *Christus* and *Chrestus*, *Christiani* and *Chrestiani*, is well documented and shared and published by other scholars too, as well as by the Early Fathers: Justin Martyr, Tertullian, Lactantius and others.

This confusion and uncertainty can only encourage and encourage us to return to the only Source of Truth, the Word, the Scriptures, before it was translated into the languages of the pagans. Only then can we find peace in the truth of **Yahusha** being the Anointed, the One promised to Israel.

Who was this *Chrestos* or *Chreston* with which *Christos* became confused with? We have already seen that *Chrestos* was a common Greek proper name, meaning "good". further, we see in Pauly-Wissowa, Real encyclopedia under "Chrestos", that the inscription *Chrestos* is to be seen on a **Mithra's** relief in the **Vatican**. We also read in J.M. Robertson, **Christianity and Mythology**, p. 331, that **Osiris**, the **Sun-deity** of Egypt, was revered as *Chrestos*. We also read of the heretic Gnostics who used the name *Chreistos*.

The confusion, and syncretism, is further evidenced by the oldest **Christian** building known, the Synagogue of the Marcionites on Mt. Hermon, built in the **3rd** century, where the **Messiah's** title or appellation is spelt *Chrestos*.

Justin Martyr (about **150 C.E.**) said that **Christians** were *Chrestoi* or "good". Tertullian and Lactantius inform us that "the common people usually called

Christ Chrestos". Clement of Alexandria, in the same age, said, "all who believe in **Christ** are called **Chrestoi**, that is 'good men.'"

The word **Christos** could even have been more acceptable to the **Krishna worshipers**, because the name of **Krishna** was pronounced, and still is to the present day, as **Krista**, in many parts of India. Thus, we can readily see that the word **Christos** was easier to convert the pagans with than the word "Messiah", especially because of the anti-Judaism that prevailed among the pagans.

The syncretism between **Christos** and **Chrestos** (the **Sun-deity Orsiris**), is further elucidated by the fact of emperor Hadrian's report, who wrote, "There are there (in Egypt) **Christians** who worship **Serapis**; and devoted to **Serapis**, are those who call themselves '**Bishops of Christ**'. "**Serapis** was another **Sun-deity** who superseded **Osiris** in Alexandria.

Once again, we must not falter nor stumble over this confusion among the Gentiles. Rather, we must seek the truth, primarily from the faithfully preserved Old testament Scriptures -2 **Timothy 3:16**, **John 17:17**, **Ps. 119:105**, **Isa 40:8**.

We must worship the Father (**YHWH**) in Spirit and in Truth, as well as His Son, **Yahusha** the Messiah, Who is sitting at His right hand. We do accept every word in the New Testament, but we do desire to return to the original Scriptures of the New Testament, as far back as we possibly can. As previously mentioned, the Greeks changed Elijah into Helias in the Greek New Testament, and the Helios-worshippers must have been overjoyed because of their **Sundeity** being assimilated to the Elijah of the Scriptures.

To avoid the confusion between Helias and Helios, we should abide by the Hebrew "**Elijah**". Likewise, to avoid confusion between **Christos** and **Chrestos**, we should abide by the word Anointed - remembering that **Osiris** the **Sun-deity**, amongst others, was called **Chrestos**. **Mithra's** too, was called **Chrestos**.